BEGIN 5,6,55,154,155,156,312,399,BIOTECH,BIOSCI >>> 135 is unauthorized

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Set Items Description
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S ADENOVIR? (5N) VECTOR? AND P53
         242282 ADENOVIR?
         2018623 VECTOR?
          60958 ADENOVIR? (5N) VECTOR?
          332823 P53
           3552 ADENOVIR? (5N) VECTOR? AND P53
     S1
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S ADENOVIR? (5N) VECTOR? (7N) P53
         242282 ADENOVIR?
         2018623 VECTOR?
         332823 P53
           2181 ADENOVIR? (5N) VECTOR? (7N) P53
     S2
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S2 AND (CMV OR CYTOMEGALOVIR?) (5N) P53
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Completed processing all files
        36313188 2
           91759 CMV
          196374 CYTOMEGALOVIR?
          332823 P53
            534 (CMV OR CYTOMEGALOVIR?) (5N) P53
      s3
            194 2 AND (CMV OR CYTOMEGALOVIR?) (5N) P53
S S3 AND PY<1994
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>>> or undefined in one or more files.
Processing
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Completed processing all files
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       81079668 PY<1994
          4 S3 AND PY<1994
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                      (Item 1 from file: 154)
DIALOG(R) File 154: MEDLINE(R)
(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.
10087773
          PMID: 8382357
Wild-type mouse p53 down-regulates transcription from different virus
 enhancer/promoters.
 Jackson P; Bos E; Braithwaite A W
 Division of Cell Biology, John Curtin School of Medical Research,
Australian National University, Canberra.
                      Mar 1993, 8 (3) p589-97, ISSN 0950-9232
 Oncogene (ENGLAND)
Journal Code: 8711562
  Publishing Model Print
 Document type: Journal Article
 Languages: ENGLISH
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DIALOG(R) File 154: MEDLINE(R)
(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.
09842033
          PMID: 1352831
 Inhibition of viral and cellular promoters by human wild-type p53.
  Subler M A; Martin D W; Deb S
  Department of Microbiology, University of Texas Health Science Center,
San Antonio 78284-7758.
  Journal of virology (UNITED STATES)
                                       Aug 1992, 66 (8) p4757-62,
ISSN 0022-538X
               Journal Code: 0113724
  Contract/Grant No.: AI07271-08; AI; NIAID
  Publishing Model Print
  Document type: Journal Article
  Languages: ENGLISH
  Main Citation Owner: NLM
  Record type: MEDLINE; Completed
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                      (Item 1 from file: 155)
DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)
(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.
10087773 PMID: 8382357
Wild-type mouse p53 down-regulates transcription from different virus
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 Jackson P; Bos E; Braithwaite A W
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  Oncogene (ENGLAND)
                      Mar 1993, 8 (3) p589-97, ISSN 0950-9232
Journal Code: 8711562
  Publishing Model Print
 Document type: Journal Article
 Languages: ENGLISH
 Main Citation Owner: NLM
 Record type: MEDLINE; Completed
                                - end of record -
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DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)
(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.
09842033
          PMID: 1352831
Inhibition of viral and cellular promoters by human wild-type p53.
 Subler M A; Martin D W; Deb S
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 Journal of virology (UNITED STATES)
                                       Aug 1992, 66 (8) p4757-62,
Contract/Grant No.: AI07271-08; AI; NIAID
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Publishing Model Print

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH
Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

- end of record -

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### Display 4/9/4 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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09842033 PMID: 1352831

#### Inhibition of viral and cellular promoters by human wild-type p53.

Subler M A; Martin D W; Deb S

Department of Microbiology, University of Texas Health Science Center, San Antonio 78284-7758.

Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Aug 1992, 66 (8) p4757-62,

Contract/Grant No.: AI07271-08; AI; NIAID

Publishing Model Print

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed Subfile: INDEX MEDICUS; AIDS/HIV

Mutation of the p53 tumor suppressor gene is a recurring event in a

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# Display 4/9/4 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

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variety of human cancers. Wild-type p53 may regulate cell proliferation and has recently been shown to repress transcription from several cellular promoters. We studied the effects of wild-type and mutant human p53 on the human proliferating-cell nuclear antigen promoter and on several viral promoters including the simian virus 40 early promoter-enhancer, the herpes simplex virus type 1 thymidine kinase and UL9 promoters, the human cytomegalovirus major immediate-early promoter-enhancer, and the long terminal repeat promoters of Rous sarcoma virus, human immunodeficiency virus type 1, and human T-cell lymphotropic virus type I. HeLa cells were cotransfected with a wild-type or mutant p53 expression vector and plasmids containing a chloramphenical acetyltransferase reporter gene under viral (or cellular) promoter control. Expression of wild-type p53 correlated with a consistent and significant (6- to 76-fold) reduction of reporter enzyme activity. A mutation at amino acid 143 of p53 releases this inhibition significantly with all the promoters studied. Expression of a p53 mutated at any one of the five amino acid positions 143, 175, 248, 273, and 281

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### Display 4/9/4 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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also correlated with a much smaller (one- to sixfold) reduction of reporter enzyme activity from the herpes simplex virus type 1 thymidine kinase

promoter. These mutant forms of p53 are found in various cancer cells. Thus, failure of tumor suppression correlates with loss of the promoter inhibitory effect of p53.

Tags: Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't; Research Support, U.S. Gov't, Non-P.H.S.; Research Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.

\*Cytomegalovirus--genetics--GE; \*Genes, p53; \*Human T-lymphotropic virus 1--genetics--GE; \*Nuclear --genetics--GE; Proteins--qenetics--GE; \*Promoter Regions (Genetics); \*Sarcoma Viruses, Avian--genetics--GE; \*Simian virus 40--genetics--GE; \*Simplexvirus Neoplasm--genetics--GE; --genetics--GE; Antigens, Chloramphenicol O-Acetyltransferase--genetics--GE; Chloramphenicol O-Acetyltransferase Elements (Genetics); Hela Cells; Humans; --metabolism--ME; Enhancer Plasmids; Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen; Repetitive Sequences, Nucleic Acid; Thymidine Kinase--genetics--GE; Transcription, Genetic

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# Display 4/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 154)

DIALOG(R) File 154: MEDLINE(R)

(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corp. All rts, reserv.

09842033 PMID: 1352831

Inhibition of viral and cellular promoters by human wild-type p53.

Subler M A; Martin D W; Deb S

Department of Microbiology, University of Texas Health Science Center, San Antonio 78284-7758.

Journal of virology (UNITED STATES) Aug 1992, 66 (8) p4757-62,

ISSN 0022-538X Journal Code: 0113724

Contract/Grant No.: AI07271-08; AI; NIAID

Publishing Model Print

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed Subfile: INDEX MEDICUS; AIDS/HIV

Mutation of the p53 tumor suppressor gene is a recurring event in a

-more-

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### Display 4/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 154)

DIALOG(R) File 154: MEDLINE(R)

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variety of human cancers. Wild-type p53 may regulate cell proliferation and has recently been shown to repress transcription from several cellular promoters. We studied the effects of wild-type and mutant human p53 on the human proliferating-cell nuclear antigen promoter and on several viral promoters including the simian virus 40 early promoter-enhancer, the herpes simplex virus type 1 thymidine kinase and UL9 promoters, the human cytomegalovirus major immediate-early promoter-enhancer, and the long terminal repeat promoters of Rous sarcoma virus, human immunodeficiency virus type 1, and human T-cell lymphotropic virus type I. HeLa cells were cotransfected with a wild-type or mutant p53 expression vector and plasmids containing a chloramphenicol acetyltransferase reporter gene under viral (or cellular) promoter control. Expression of wild-type p53 correlated with a consistent and significant (6- to 76-fold) reduction of reporter enzyme activity. A mutation at amino acid 143 of p53 releases this inhibition significantly with all the promoters studied. Expression of a p53 mutated at any one of the five amino acid positions 143, 175, 248, 273, and 281

Display 4/9/2

DIALOG(R) File 154: MEDLINE(R)

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(Item 2 from file: 154)

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also correlated with a much smaller (one- to sixfold) reduction of reporter
enzyme activity from the herpes simplex virus type 1 thymidine kinase
promoter. These mutant forms of p53 are found in various cancer cells.
Thus, failure of tumor suppression correlates with loss of the promoter
inhibitory effect of p53.
  Tags: Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't; Research Support, U.S. Gov't,
Non-P.H.S.; Research Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.
                 *Cytomegalovirus--genetics--GE;
                                                   *Genes,
                                                             p53;
                                                                    *HIV-1
  Descriptors:
                 *Human T-lymphotropic virus 1--genetics--GE;
                                                                  *Nuclear
--genetics--GE;
Proteins--genetics--GE; *Promoter Regions (Genetics); *Sarcoma Viruses,
                       *Simian virus
                                        40--genetics--GE; *Simplexvirus
Avian--genetics--GE;
--genetics--GE;
                                Neoplasm--genetics--GE;
                                                          Chloramphenicol
                   Antigens,
                                                       O-Acetyltransferase
O-Acetyltransferase--genetics--GE;
                                     Chloramphenicol
                              Elements (Genetics); Hela Cells; Humans;
--metabolism--ME;
                  Enhancer
Plasmids; Proliferating Cell Nuclear Antigen; Repetitive Sequences, Nucleic
Acid; Thymidine Kinase--qenetics--GE; Transcription, Genetic
                                   -more-
γ,
S S2 AND GROWTH (N) SUPPRESS?
Processed 10 of 35 files ...
Processing
Completed processing all files
           2181 S2
         8243730 GROWTH
         2215151 SUPPRESS?
           30911 GROWTH(N)SUPPRESS?
            180 S2 AND GROWTH (N) SUPPRESS?
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S S5 AND PY<1994
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                       (Item 1 from file: 34)
DIALOG(R) File 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.
          Genuine Article#: MD194
                                    No. References: 33
02785873
 Title: INHIBITION OF CELL-PROLIFERATION BY AN ADENOVIRUS VECTOR EXPRESSING
   THE HUMAN WILD TYPE-P53 PROTEIN
Author(s): BACCHETTI S; GRAHAM FL
Corporate Source: MCMASTER UNIV, DEPT PATHOL/HAMILTON L8N
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3Z5/ONTARIO/CANADA/; MCMASTER UNIV, DEPT BIOL/HAMILTON L8N
    3Z5/ONTARIO/CANADA/
Journal: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ONCOLOGY, 1993, V3, N5 (NOV), P781-788
ISSN: 1019-6439
                    Document Type: ARTICLE
                                            (Abstract Available)
Language: ENGLISH
                                 - end of record -
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                       (Item 1 from file: 34)
     Display 6/9/1
DIALOG(R) File 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.
                                     Number of References: 33
02785873
           Genuine Article#: MD194
 Title: INHIBITION OF CELL-PROLIFERATION BY AN ADENOVIRUS VECTOR EXPRESSING
   THE HUMAN WILD TYPE-P53 PROTEIN
Author(s): BACCHETTI S; GRAHAM FL
Corporate Source: MCMASTER UNIV, DEPT PATHOL/HAMILTON L8N
    3Z5/ONTARIO/CANADA/; MCMASTER UNIV, DEPT BIOL/HAMILTON L8N
    3Z5/ONTARIO/CANADA/
Journal: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ONCOLOGY, 1993, V3, N5 (NOV), P781-788
ISSN: 1019-6439
                    Document Type: ARTICLE
Language: ENGLISH
Geographic Location: CANADA
Subfile: SciSearch; CC LIFE--Current Contents, Life Sciences
Journal Subject Category: ONCOLOGY
Abstract: We have developed human adenovirus 5 (Ad5) vectors expressing the
    wild type human p53 protein or a mutant p53 form under the control of
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                      (Item 1 from file: 34)
DIALOG(R) File 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci
(c) 2005 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.
    the human cytomegalovirus immediate early gene promoter. Human cells
    infected with these vectors expressed high levels of p53, accumulating
    20-40 fold more protein than found in normal human fibroblasts. The
    ability of the vectors to affect proliferation of cells in culture was
    assessed by measuring cell DNA synthesis and colony forming ability
    after infection with viruses. When the p53 deficient ovarian carcinoma
    cell line, SKOV-3, was infected with Adp53wt expressing the wild type
    (wt) p53 protein, a significant inhibition of cellular DNA synthesis
    was observed, relative to cells infected with Adp53m expressing mutant
    p53, or a control virus, AdLacZ, expressing bacterial
    beta-galactosidase. Inhibition was dependent on multiplicity of
    infection, with no significant effect below 5 pfu/cell, and maximal
    effect between 25 and 100 PFU/cell which resulted in approximately 95%
    inhibition of SKOV-3 cell DNA synthesis relative to mock infected
    cells. Infection of normal human fibroblasts with Adp53wt also
    inhibited DNA synthesis but to a significantly lesser degree. SKOV-3
                                    -more-
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